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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/809,552	03/25/2004	Susann Marie Keohane	AUS920040035US1	7922
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	& OHANIAN, LLP		WANG, BEN C	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		[1			
3	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/809,552	KEOHANE ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Ben C. Wang	2192			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r . riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	CATION.  eply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  EANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>3</u>	0 August 2007.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	wance except for formal matt	ers, prosecution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice und	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the applicat	tion.	·			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	drawn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	nd/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ a	accepted or b)☐ objected to l	by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to		, ,			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor					
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority docum		nalication No.			
<ul><li>2. Certified copies of the priority docum</li><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the</li></ul>	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
application from the International But		received in this National Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	received.			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)			
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)</li> </ul>		s)/Mail Date  Iformal Patent Application			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	<del>_</del> ·			

## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Applicant's amendment dated August 30, 2007, responding to the Office action mailed June 5, 2007 provided in the rejection of claims 1-20.

Claims 1-20 remain pending in the application and which have been fully considered by the examiner.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims rejection have been fully considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection – see *Balasayee et al.*, art made of record, as applied hereto.

## Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 102(b)

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102(b) that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Balasayee et al., (Workload Management: SP and Other RS/6000 Servers, March 2000, International Technical Support Organization, IBM Corporation, First Edition) (hereinafter 'Balasayee' art made of record)

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3. **As to claim 1** (Original), Balasayee discloses a method for assigning computational processes in a computer system to workload management classes, the method comprising:

- installing on the computer system an executable file from a software installation package, wherein the software installation package includes a specification of workload management properties for the executable file, including a definition of a workload management class (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 3<sup>rd</sup> Par. through 6<sup>th</sup> Par. WLM (Work Load Manager) introduces the concept of class to AIX®; A class is a collection of processes. WLM monitors the CPU and physical memory utilization for all these classes of jobs and regulates their resource consumption (a specification) using minimum, maximum and target values set for each class (properties) by the system administrator; WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file); Classes can be given a relative importance using an attribute of the class called the tier numbers):
- executing a process in dependence upon the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 –
   AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. <u>WLM automatically assigns</u>
   every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system
   administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three

attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)); and

- assigning the process to the workload management (e.g., Sec. 2.3 AIX® Workload Manager WLM monitors and regulates the allocation of system resources for use applications running on an RS/6000 server; Sec. 2.3.1 The goal of AIX® Workload Manager, 1<sup>st</sup> Par. The goal of AIX® Workload Manager is to provide ways of controlling resources within an RS/6000 server on in an SP node in order to balance the workload at the node level by assigning relative priorities to various sets of tasks or to prevent one application from monopolizing the system resources).
- 4. **As to claim 2** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 1), Balasayee discloses the workload management class definition further comprises a class name, a priority ranking, and an inheritance attribute (e.g., P. 61 sample class stanza class\_comment, priority etc.; P. 70, 2<sup>nd</sup> Bullet this <u>class name</u> is assigned to the user...; Sec. 3.5.3 Changing a job's priority the administrator or user may need to run a job <u>at a higher or lower priority</u> for various reasons).
- 5. **As to claim 3** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 1), Balasayee discloses the specification of workload management properties further comprises minimum values and maximum values for CPU, memory, and disk I/O shares for the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 4<sup>th</sup> Par. WLM monitors the CPU and physical memory utilization for all the classes of jobs and

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regulates their resource consumption using minimum, maximum and target values set for each class by the system administrator; 6<sup>th</sup> Par. – Classes can be given a relative importance using an attribute of the class called the tier number. A class with a lower tier number will be considered more important and, thus will have resources applied preferentially to a less critical class with higher tier number; Sec. 3.4.3 – Resource limits; P. 54; Sec. 5.1 – AIX® Workload Manager and RS/6000 SP overview, 1<sup>st</sup> Par. – Using WLM, you can control the allocation of resources, such as <u>CPU and memory</u>, to users and application).

- 6. **As to claim 4** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 1), Balasayee discloses the method wherein installing an executable file further comprises:
  - configuring the workload management class in dependence upon the workload management properties (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 3<sup>rd</sup> Par. through 6<sup>th</sup> Par. WLM (Work Load Manager) introduces the concept of class to AIX®; A class is a collection of processes. WLM monitors the CPU and physical memory utilization for all these classes of jobs and regulates their resource consumption (a specification) using minimum, maximum and target values set for each class (properties) by the system administrator; WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of

the application file it executes (the executable file); Classes can be given a relative importance using an attribute of the class called the tier numbers); and

- storing a class name of the workload management class in association with a pathname for the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)).
- 7. **As to claim 5** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 1), Balasayee discloses the method wherein installing an executable file further comprises storing a class name for the workload management class in association with a pathname for the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. <u>WLM</u> automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)).
- 8. **As to claim 6** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 5), Balasayee discloses the method wherein storing a class name for the workload management class in association with a pathname for the executable file further comprises storing the class

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name in the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 – AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. - WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)).

- 9. **As to claim 7** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 5), Balasayee discloses the method wherein storing a class name for the workload management class in association with a pathname for the executable file further comprises storing the class name in a data structure that represents the executable file in an operating system (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. <u>WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)).</u>
- 10. **As to claim 8** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 5), Balasayee discloses the method wherein assigning the process to the workload management class further comprises:
  - identifying the workload management properties for the workload management class in dependence upon the pathname (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. <u>WLM automatically assigns every process to a</u>

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class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)); and

- configuring the workload management class in dependence upon the workload management properties (e.g., Sec. 2.3 AIX® Workload Manager WLM monitors and regulates the allocation of system resources for use applications running on an RS/6000 server; Sec. 2.3.1 The goal of AIX® Workload Manager, 1<sup>st</sup> Par. The goal of AIX® Workload Manager is to provide ways of controlling resources within an RS/6000 server on in an SP node in order to balance the workload at the node level by assigning relative priorities to various sets of tasks or to prevent one application from monopolizing the system resources).
- 11. **As to claim 9** (Original), Balasayee discloses a system for assigning computational processes to workload management classes, the system comprising:
  - means for installing on a computer system an executable file from a software installation package, wherein the software installation package includes a specification of workload management properties for the executable file, including a definition of a workload management class (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 3<sup>rd</sup> Par. through 6<sup>th</sup> Par. WLM (Work Load Manager) introduces the concept of class to AIX®; A class is a collection of

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processes. WLM monitors the CPU and physical memory utilization for all these classes of jobs and regulates their resource consumption (a specification) using minimum, maximum and target values set for each class (properties) by the system administrator; WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file); Classes can be given a relative importance using an attribute of the class called the tier numbers);

- means for executing a process in dependence upon the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)); and
- means for assigning the process to the workload management class (e.g., Sec. 2.3 AIX® Workload Manager WLM monitors and regulates the allocation of system resources for use applications running on an RS/6000 server; Sec. 2.3.1 The goal of AIX® Workload Manager, 1<sup>st</sup> Par. The goal of AIX® Workload Manager is to provide ways of controlling resources within an RS/6000 server on in an SP node in order to balance the workload at the node level by assigning

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relative priorities to various sets of tasks or to prevent one application from monopolizing the system resources).

- 12. As to claim 10 (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 9), please refer to claim 2 as set forth accordingly.
- 13. **As to claim 11** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 9), please refer to claim 3 as set forth accordingly.
- 14. **As to claim 12** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 9), Balasayee discloses the system wherein means for installing the executable file further comprises:
  - means for configuring the workload management class in dependence upon the workload management properties (e.g., Sec. 2.3 AIX® Workload Manager WLM monitors and regulates the allocation of system resources for use applications running on an RS/6000 server; Sec. 2.3.1 The goal of AIX® Workload Manager, 1<sup>st</sup> Par. The goal of AIX® Workload Manager is to provide ways of controlling resources within an RS/6000 server on in an SP node in order to balance the workload at the node level by assigning relative priorities to various sets of tasks or to prevent one application from monopolizing the system resources); and
  - means for storing a class name of the workload management class in association
     with a pathname for the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload

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Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. - <u>WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules</u> given by the system administrator. <u>This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and <u>the pathname of the application file it executes</u> (the executable file)).</u>

- 15. **As to claim 13** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 9), Balasayee discloses the system wherein means for installing an executable file further comprises means for storing a class name for the workload management class in association with a pathname for the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. <u>WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)).</u>
- 16. As to claim 14 (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 13), Balasayee discloses the system wherein means for assigning the process to the workload management class further comprises:
  - means for identifying the workload management properties for the workload management class in dependence upon the pathname (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system

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administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three

attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application

file it executes (the executable file)); and

- means for configuring the workload management class in dependence upon the workload management properties (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 3<sup>rd</sup> Par. through 6<sup>th</sup> Par. <u>WLM (Work Load Manager)</u> introduces the concept of class to AIX®; A class is a collection of processes. WLM monitors the CPU and physical memory utilization for all these classes of jobs and regulates their resource consumption (a specification) using minimum, maximum and target values set for each class (properties) by the system administrator; WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file); Classes can be given a relative importance using an attribute of the class called the tier numbers).
- 17. **As to claim 15** (Original), Balasayee discloses a computer program product for assigning computational processes in a computer system to workload management classes, the computer program product comprising:
  - a recording medium;
  - means, recorded on the recording medium, for installing on the computer system
     an executable file from a software installation package, wherein the software

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installation package includes a specification of workload management properties for the executable file, including a definition of a workload management class (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 – AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 3<sup>rd</sup> Par. through 6<sup>th</sup> Par. – WLM (Work Load Manager) introduces the concept of class to AIX®; A class is a collection of processes. WLM monitors the CPU and physical memory utilization for all these classes of jobs and regulates their resource consumption (a specification) using minimum, maximum and target values set for each class (properties) by the system administrator; WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file); Classes can be given a relative importance using an attribute of the class called the tier numbers);

- means, recorded on the recording medium, for executing a process in dependence upon the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. <u>WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules</u> given by the system administrator. <u>This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process</u>: User ID, group ID, and <u>the pathname of the application file it executes</u> (the executable file)); and
- means, recorded on the recording medium, for assigning the process to the
   workload management class (e.g., Sec. 2.3 AIX® Workload Manager WLM

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monitors and regulates the allocation of system resources for use applications running on an RS/6000 server; Sec. 2.3.1 – The goal of AIX® Workload Manager, 1<sup>st</sup> Par. – The goal of AIX® Workload Manager is to provide ways of controlling resources within an RS/6000 server on in an SP node in order to balance the workload at the node level by assigning relative priorities to various sets of tasks or to prevent one application from monopolizing the system resources).

- 18. **As to claim 16** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 15), please refer to claim 2 as set forth accordingly.
- 19. **As to claim 17** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 15), please refer to claim **3** as set forth accordingly.
- 20. **As to claim 18** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 15), Balasayee discloses the computer program product wherein means, recorded on the recording medium, for installing the executable file further comprises:
  - means, recorded on the recording medium, for configuring the workload management class in dependence upon the workload management properties
     (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 3<sup>rd</sup> Par. through 6<sup>th</sup> Par.
     WLM (Work Load Manager) introduces the concept of class to AIX®; A class is a collection of processes. WLM monitors the CPU and physical memory

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utilization for all these classes of jobs and regulates their resource consumption (a specification) using minimum, maximum and target values set for each class (properties) by the system administrator; WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file); Classes can be given a relative importance using an attribute of the class called the tier numbers); and

- means, recorded on the recording medium, for storing a class name of the workload management class in association with a pathname for the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)).
- 21. **As to claim 19** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 15), Balasayee discloses the computer program product wherein means, recorded on the recording medium, for installing an executable file further comprises means, recorded on the recording medium, for storing a class name for the workload management class in association with a pathname for the executable file (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. <u>WLM automatically assigns every process to a class</u>

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using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)).

- 22. **As to claim 20** (Original) (incorporating the rejection in claim 19), Balasayee discloses the computer program product wherein means, recorded on the recording medium, for assigning the process to the workload management class further comprises:
  - means, recorded on the recording medium, for identifying the workload management properties for the workload management class in dependence upon the pathname (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 5<sup>th</sup> Par. WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file)); and
  - means, recorded on the recording medium, for configuring the workload management class in dependence upon the workload management properties
     (e.g., Sec. 2.3.2 AIX® Workload Manager architecture, 3<sup>rd</sup> Par. through 6<sup>th</sup> Par. WLM (Work Load Manager) introduces the concept of class to AIX®; A class is a collection of processes. WLM monitors the CPU and physical memory utilization for all these classes of jobs and regulates their resource consumption
     (a specification) using minimum, maximum and target values set for each class

(properties) by the system administrator; WLM automatically assigns every process to a class using a set of assignment rules given by the system administrator. This class assignment is done based on the value of three attributes of the process: User ID, group ID, and the pathname of the application file it executes (the executable file); Classes can be given a relative importance using an attribute of the class called the tier numbers).

## **Conclusion**

23. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ben C. Wang whose telephone number is 571-270-1240. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m., EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tuan Q. Dam can be reached on 571-272-3695. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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TENT EXAMINER

BCW \$W

November 7, 2007